Let's go over the sentences and match them with the illustrations!

Step 1: take の面白い使い方をイラストによってイメージしてみましょう。

1. If you take 5 away from 12, you get 7.
2. Just take my word for it and try that cafe. Their cappuccino is fabulous.
3. It’s about time for someone new to take over my job. I’m tired.
Let's go through all these sentences and match them with the Japanese expressions!

1. ( ) I'll never forgive you unless you **take back** what you said. I'm not stupid!
2. ( ) My boyfriend didn't even say goodbye. He just **took off**.
3. ( ) My daughter was playing with matches, so I **took** them **away**.
4. ( ) Fumika is good at speaking Chinese, even though she **took it up** just recently.
5. ( ) People in the audience were **taking in** every word. They were listening attentively.
6. ( ) Many students don't **take to** Mr. MacDonald, because he is a very strict teacher.
7. ( ) I know you had a bad day at work, but don't **take it out** on me!
8. ( ) The jeans were a little too big for Roger, so he had them **taken in** at the waist.

A. 「八つ当たりする」 B. 「立ち去る」 C. 「詫める」
D. 「取り上げる」 E. 「取り入れる」 F. 「始める」
G. 「撤回する」 H. 「近寄る」
Let's go ahead and recycle what we have learned!

1. We ________ five radio stations in California last year.
   We took (______) five radio stations in California last year.
   ⇒当社は昨年、カリフォルニア州の5つのラジオ局を買収しました。

2. My daughter has recently ________ learning to play the flute.
   My daughter has recently taken (______) the flute.
   ⇒娘は最近、フルートを習い始めました。

3. Maria quickly ________ good tennis skills. It was as if she’d been playing all her life.
   Maria quickly took (______) tennis. It was as if she’d been playing all her life.
   ⇒マリアはすぐにテニスが上達した。初心者とは到底思えないほどの進歩であった。

4. Dick tends to ________ in an unpleasant way toward his wife when he gets frustrated.
   Dick tends to take it (______) on his wife when he gets frustrated.
   ⇒ディックはイライラすると、すぐに奥さんに八つ当たりします。

• behave • started • developed • acquired
Let's find out how these words go together!

1. 図書館から、一度に5冊まで本を借り出すことができます。
   You ______________________________
   ______________________________
   (as many as / can / the library / take out / five books / from)

2. あのエッセイはとても難しかったので、2回読まないと頭に入りませんでした
   That essay was ______________________________
   ______________________________
   (take it all in / that / before / read it twice / so difficult /
   I had to / I could)

3. ズボンが長すぎたので、店員さんにそれを上げてもらわなければなりませんでした。
   The pants ______________________________
   ______________________________
   (I had to / ask / were / to take them up / that / the sales clerk /
   so long)

Tammy: I've got great news, Max! The company's sending me to Australia.

Max: Wow! When are you going?

Tammy: (1) I'm (_______) (_______) at 2:30 tomorrow.

Max: That's great, Tammy! (2) Hope you have time to (_______) (_______) some of the sights.
Let's go for higher TOEIC® Test and Eiken scores!

1. The travel agent said this terrible old hotel was excellent and we took his word ( ) it.
   (A) to  (B) for  (C) of  (D) in

2. Annette gave up golf because it was too expensive and took up gardening. It is a much cheaper ( ).
   (A) hobby  (B) occupation  (C) livelihood  (D) chore

3. If you don’t like the color of this sweater, you can take it ( ) to the store.
   (A) through  (B) up  (C) back  (D) off

4. That museum is absolutely ( ). You need several days to take it all in.
   (A) major  (B) enormous  (C) insignificant  (D) compact

5. When the team is losing, our coach often takes his ( ) out on the umpire.
   (A) distraction  (B) satisfaction  (C) appreciation  (D) frustration

6. Our two-year old son never cries when strangers come in the house. He takes ( ) everyone
   (A) into  (B) out  (C) up  (D) to